

**PREPARING** 

**VIEWINGS** 

**CONTRACTS** 

**INSPECTIONS** 

**SETTLEMENTS** 

CLOSING

MOVING

**PACKING** 

Guide to Buying a Home







## USING A WINDERMERE AGENT TO HELP YOU FIND A HOME

Whatever your reasons for buying, know that finding the right home, in the perfect neighborhood and at a cost that is within your budget, is no small task. That's why many buyers enlist the help of a full-service Windermere agent. There are many benefits you receive from working with a licensed professional with specialized skills:

### AS YOUR WINDERMERE AGENT

- I know the local market and can quickly narrow it down to a few areas where you are likely to find your home at the price you want.
- I can save you time by doing a lot of the legwork. By knowing your needs, I can eliminate homes that do not meet your criteria.
- I will make appointments, preview homes with you and help you determine the pros and cons of each home.
- I can help you maximize online home search tools available to you on Windermere.com.
- I can provide information and make appointments to see almost any property listed for sale. A home does not have to be listed by a Windermere agent in order for me to get detailed information or an appointment to view.
- Once you find the home you want to buy, I will guide you through the negotiation, legalities and details of purchasing a home.

## **BEGINNING THE PROCESS**

Organization is the key to finding the home you want while spending the least amount of time and energy.

It's always best to find out how much house you can afford before you go house-hunting. I can refer you to a loan officer who can assist you with determining how much of a down payment you can afford, along with a monthly payment you can handle. (To help determine how much house you can afford, see pages 6–7 of this booklet.)

Make a list of everything you want in a home. Is a primary suite important? How many bathrooms? What about closet space? Do you need a yard for the kids and pets to play in? How about a fireplace or a bay window? Do you prefer a rambler or a multiple-story house? Are schools or access to public transportation important?

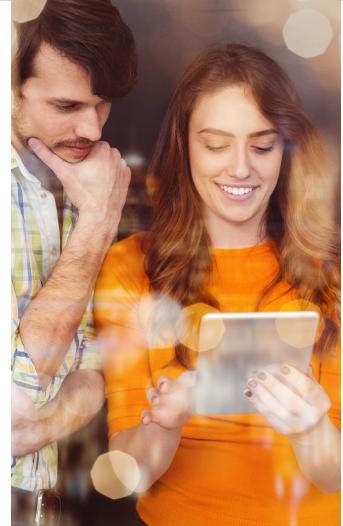
Separate the essentials from the items you could do without and put them on the "A" list. Prioritize the rest of the items into a second and third list in order of importance. We'll then go over the lists so that I'm very clear on what you want and need in your home.

Keep good notes as we look at homes. After a while, it becomes difficult to remember which features belong to which home. I can provide you with a form and rating system to help you compare homes.

When selecting a home, look beyond cosmetics. Make sure the home is in good physical condition and that you understand the cost of repairs. For more information on how to assess the home's condition, refer to "Home Inspections" on page 10 of this booklet.

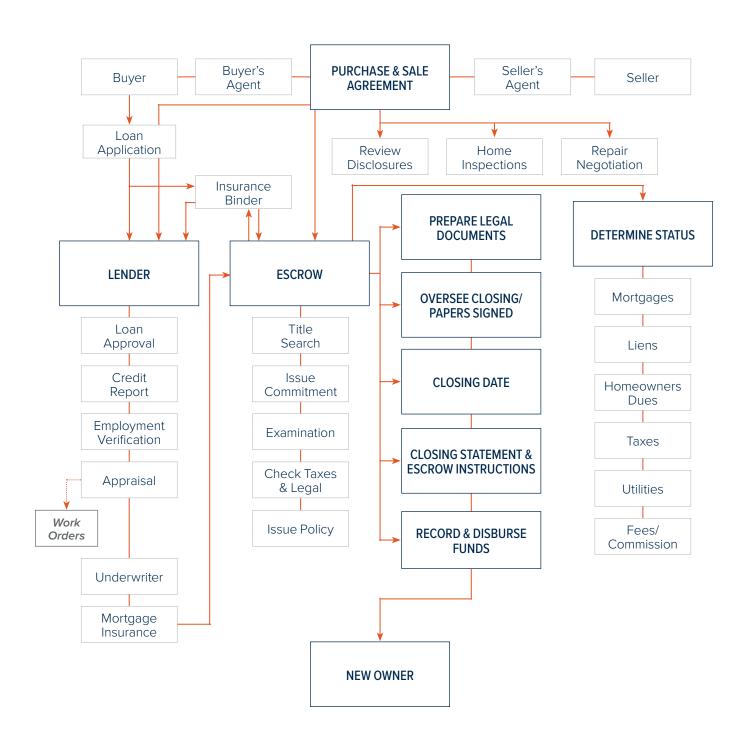
Look at additional homes, even if you love the first one you see. Many times, it takes looking at several homes before you find the one that is really right for you.

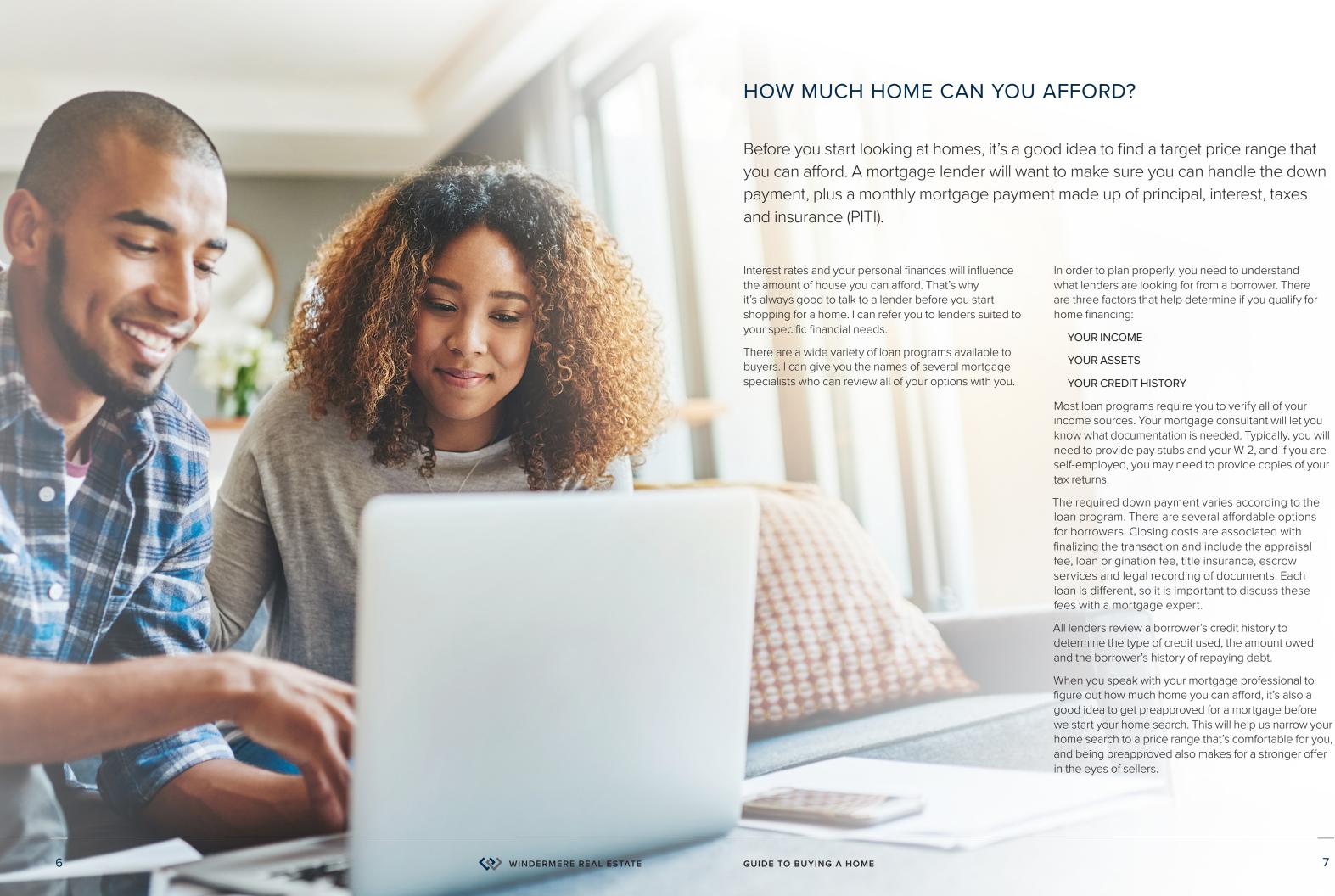
As your Windermere agent, I'll check with you regularly, even if you haven't yet found the home that's right for you. Keeping in contact allows us to establish a good rapport, and helps me learn how to help you effectively. I'll continue to be on the lookout for homes that suit your needs.





## STEPS TO CLOSING





# PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT

Once you've found the home you want to buy, together we'll complete a purchase and sale agreement. This is the contract in which you and the seller outline the details of the property transfer. The purchase and sale agreement usually consists of the following pages:

- Earnest money receipt
- Financing addendum
- Inspection addendum
- Conditions/disclosure addendum
- Contingency addendum, when appropriate
- Addendum outlining special conditions
- Lead-based paint notification, when appropriate

In selected areas, the following forms will also be part of your agreement:

- Agency disclosure form
- Property disclosure form completed by the property seller
- Local area disclosures







## FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

## WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN PREQUALIFIED AND PREAPPROVED?

These terms refer to your status in the loan approval process. Prequalification is a determination of your probable ability to obtain a loan. To become prequalified, meet with a loan officer or mortgage company. They will help you determine the price you can afford, based on your monthly income and your current debts, as well as the cash you have for a down payment.

Preapproval means that the mortgage lender has already verified and approved your credit and income. Obtaining preapproval early in the process will make your offer more attractive to the seller.

## WHAT IS EARNEST MONEY?

Earnest money is a "good faith" deposit submitted with your offer to show the sellers that you are serious about purchasing their home. Earnest money is a required part of an offer. There is no set amount that is required, but the amount sometimes makes a difference in the negotiation process. Earnest money eventually becomes part of the purchase, and will show as a credit to the buyers on the settlement statement drawn up by the escrow company.

#### WHAT ARE CLOSING COSTS?

Closing costs are charges paid to various entities during the real estate transaction. They can include escrow fees, document preparation fees, the cost of an inspection, and lender fees.

### WHAT IS A POINT?

A point is equal to one percent of the loan principal. Some lenders charge points, in addition to interest and fees, at closing.

## WHAT IS TITLE INSURANCE?

Title insurance protects against loss from any defects in the legal title, liens against the property or other adverse claims. The lender usually requires title insurance.

8 WINDERMERE REAL ESTATE GUIDE TO BUYING A HOME

## HOME INSPECTIONS

When you're ready to complete a purchase and sale agreement on a home, your offer will generally be contingent on a professional inspection of the entire property—including improvements. The home inspector looks beyond the cosmetics to make sure that the home's general systems operate properly. The inspector will also look for large repairs that are needed and report on the condition of the home.

The standard home inspector's report will review the conditions of the home's heating and cooling systems; interior plumbing and electrical systems; the roof, attic and visible insulation; walls, ceilings, floors, windows and doors; foundation, basement and visible structure. The inspector will also look for cracks in cement walls, water stains that indicate leakage, and any indication of wood rot.

A home inspection also points out the positive aspects of a home, as well as the maintenance that will be necessary to keep it in good shape.

As your Windermere agent, I'm familiar with homeinspection services and can provide you with a list of names from which to choose. Another good way to find a home inspector is to ask a friend, or perhaps a business acquaintance, who has had a home inspection and can recommend a home inspector they were satisfied with.

Remember, no home is perfect. If problems are found, I will help you negotiate through the process.



## SETTLEMENT AND CLOSING

During the negotiation stage of the transaction, a mutually agreed-upon date for closing is determined. "Closing" is when you and the seller sign all the paperwork and pay your share of the settlement fees, and the documents are recorded. Settlement obligations vary widely due to specific contract language, local laws and customs. Prior to closing, the closing agent (usually an escrow or title company or attorney) will complete a detailed settlement statement for both buyer and seller. As your Windermere agent, I can help you understand which of the following typical settlement fees apply to you.

#### THE BUYER RECEIVES:

Credit toward buyer closing costs or the purchase price for any earnest money deposited

## **EXAMPLES OF WHAT A BUYER MIGHT PAY:**

- One-half of escrow or legal fees paid to the attorney or escrow company for preparing the closing (in California, the party paying escrow fees varies from county to county)
- Document preparation fees, if applicable
- Recording and notary fees, if applicable
- Title search and title insurance\*
- Local transfer taxes\*
- Loan fees
- Appraisal fees
- Credit report fees
- Home Owners Association fees, if applicable\*
  \*Paid by either the seller or the buyer





11

## **MOVING TIPS**

The process of moving is long and complex. Being organized, knowing what needs to be done, and tackling tasks efficiently can make your move significantly less stressful. Here's a checklist to keep you on task and help make your move successful.

### SIX TO EIGHT WEEKS BEFORE:

- Use up things that may be difficult to move, such as frozen food.
- Get estimates from professional movers or truck rental companies if you are moving yourself.
- Once you've selected a mover, discuss insurance, packing, loading and delivery, and the claims procedure.
- Sort through your possessions. Decide what you want to keep, what you want to sell and what you wish to donate to charity.
- Record serial numbers on electronic equipment, take photos (or video) of all your belongings and create an inventory list.
- Change your utilities, including phone, power and water, from your old address to your new address.
- Obtain a change of address packet from the post office and send to creditors, magazine subscription offices and catalog vendors.
- Discuss tax-deductible moving expenses with your accountant and begin keeping accurate records.

## TWO TO FOUR WEEKS BEFORE:

- If you're moving to a new community, contact the Chamber of Commerce and school district and request information about services.
- Make reservations with airlines, hotels and car rental agencies, if needed.
- If you are moving yourself, use your inventory list to determine how many boxes you will need.
- Begin packing nonessential items.
- Arrange for storage, if needed.
- If you have items you don't want to pack and move, hold a yard sale.
- Get car license, registration and insurance in order.
- Transfer your bank accounts to new branch locations. Cancel any direct deposit or automatic payments from your accounts if changing banks.
- Make special arrangements to move pets, and consult your veterinarian about ways to make travel comfortable for them.
- Have your car checked and serviced for the trip.
- Collect items from safe-deposit box if changing banks.

#### TWO TO THREE DAYS PRIOR:

- Defrost your refrigerator and freezer.
- Have movers pack your belongings.
- Label each box with the contents and the room where you want it to be delivered.
- Arrange to have payment ready for the moving company.
- Set aside legal documents and valuables that you do not want packed.
- Pack clothing and toiletries, along with extra clothes in case the moving company is delayed.
- Give your travel itinerary to a close friend or relative so they can reach you as needed.





### MOVING DAY: OLD HOME

- Pick up the truck as early as possible if you are moving yourself.
- Make a list of every item and box loaded on the truck.
- Let the mover know how to reach you.
- Double-check closets, cupboards, attic, basement and garage for any left-behind items.

## MOVING DAY: NEW HOME

- **)** Be on hand at the new home to answer questions and give instructions to the mover.
- Check off boxes and items as they come off the truck.
- Install new locks.
- Confirm that the utilities have been turned on and are ready for use.
- Unpack your "first day" box (see list for suggested contents).
- Unpack children's toys and find a safe place for them to play.
- Examine your goods for damage.

#### **MOVING ESSENTIALS:**

- furniture pads
- handtruck or dolly
- packing tape
- bubble wrap
- newspapers or packing paper
- scissors
- utility knife
- labels
- felt-tip markers
- cornstarch packing "peanuts"
- plenty of boxes

## **FIRST DAY BOX:**

- scissors
- utility knife
- ) coffee cups
- teakettle
- instant coffee or tea, soft drinks
- pencil and paper
- soap
- bath towels
- trash bags
- shelf liner
- paper plates
- snacks
- toilet paper
- children's toys and books

13

12 GUIDE TO BUYING A HOME











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ADJUSTABLE-RATE MORTGAGE (ARM)	interest rates on this type of mortgage are periodically adjusted up or down depending on a specified financial index
AMORTIZATION	a method of equalizing the monthly mortgage payments over the life of the loan, even though the proportion of principal to interest changes over time. In the early part of the loan the principal repayment is very low, while the interest payment is very high. At the end of the loan, the relationship is reversed
ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE	the actual finance charge for a loan, including points and fees, in addition to the stated interest rate
APPRAISAL	an expert opinion of the value or worth of a property
ASSESSED VALUE	the value placed on a property by a municipality for purposes of levying taxes. It may differ widely from appraised or market value
BALLOON PAYMENT	a large principal payment due all at once at the end of some loan terms
CAP	a limit on how much the interest rate can change in an adjustable-rate mortgage
CERTIFICATE OF TITLE	a document, signed by a title examiner, stating that a seller has an insurable title to the property
CLOSING	the deed to a property is legally transferred from seller to buyer, and documents are recorded
CLOSING COSTS	see "settlement" or refer to "Settlement and Closing" in this guide
COMMISSION	a fee (usually a percentage of the total transaction) paid to an agent or broker for services performed
COMPARATIVE MARKET ANALYSIS (CMA)	a survey of the attributes and selling prices of comparable homes on the market or recently sold; used to help determine a correct pricing strategy for a seller's property
CONTINGENCY	a condition in a contract that must be met for the contract to be binding
CONTRACT	a binding legal agreement between two or more parties that outlines the conditions for the exchange of value (for example: money exchanged for title to property)
DEED	a legal document that formally conveys ownership of a property from seller to buyer
DOWN PAYMENT	a percentage of the purchase price that the buyer must pay in cash and may not borrow from the lender
EQUITY	the value of the property actually owned by the homeowner: purchase price, plus appreciation, plus improvements, less mortgages and liens
ESCROW	a fund or account held by a third-party custodian until conditions of a contract are met
FIXED-RATE MORTGAGE	interest rates on this type of mortgage remain the same over the life of the loan. Compare to "adjustable-rate mortgage"

FIXTURE	a recognizable entity (such as a kitchen cabinet, drape or light fixture) that is permanently attached to a property and belongs to the property when it is sold
HAZARD INSURANCE	compensates for property damage from specified hazards such as fire and wind
INTEREST	the cost of borrowing money, usually expressed as a percentage rate
LIEN	a security claim on a property until a debt is satisfied
LISTING CONTRACT	an agreement whereby an owner engages a real estate company for a specified period of time to sell a property, for which, upon the sale, the agent receives a commission
MARKET PRICE	the actual price at which a property sold
MARKET VALUE	the price that is established by present economic conditions, location and general trends
MORTGAGE	security claim by a lender against a property until the debt is paid
MULTIPLE LISTING SERVICE (MLS)	a system that provides to its members detailed information about properties for sale
ORIGINATION FEE	an application fee(s) for processing a proposed mortgage loan
PITI	principal, interest, taxes and insurance, forming the basis for monthly mortgage payments
POINT	one percent of the loan principal. It's charged in addition to interest and fees
PREPAYMENT PENALTY	a fee paid by a borrower who pays off the loan before it is due
PRINCIPAL	one of the parties to a contract; or the amount of money borrowed, for which interest is charged
PRORATE	divide or assess proportionately
PURCHASE & SALE AGREEMENT	a contract between buyer and seller that outlines the details of the property transfer; or refer to "Purchase and Sale Agreement" in this guide
SETTLEMENT	all financial transactions required to make the contract final. See "Settlement and Closing" in this guide.
TITLE	a document that indicates ownership of a specific property
TITLE SEARCH	detailed examination of the entire document history of a property title to make sure there are no legal encumbrances

Windermere offers you an unsurpassed full-service network to help you reach your real estate goals. Our agents have access to a wide range of innovative tools and programs, allowing them to serve their clients in a way that is truly unique to Windermere. So whether you're buying or selling, our goal is to make your experience uncommonly rewarding.

If you would like more information about Windermere or any of its programs, please ask your Windermere agent or visit our website at **Windermere.com**.

